

機械設備器具安全資訊申報登錄辦法(民國 105 年 09 月 22 日修正)

Regulations Governing the Registration of Safety Information for Machinery, Equipment and Tools (2016.09.22 Modified)

第 1 條	本辦法依職業安全衛生法（以下簡稱本法）第七條第四項規定訂定之。
Article 1	These Regulations are established in accordance with Paragraph 4 of Article 7 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act (the Act).
第 2 條	本法第七條第一項所定中央主管機關指定之機械、設備或器具（以下簡稱產品），有下列情形之一者，得免申報登錄： 一、依其他法律有實施檢查、檢驗、驗證、認可或管理之規定。 二、供國防軍事用途使用，並有國防部或其直屬機關出具證明。 三、限量製造或輸入僅供科技研發、測試用途之專用機型，並經中央主管機關核准。 四、非供實際使用或作業用途之商業樣品或展覽品，並經中央主管機關核准。 五、輸入供加工、組裝後輸出或原件再輸出，並經中央主管機關核准。 六、其他特殊情形，有免申報登錄之必要，並經中央主管機關核准。
Article 2	Machinery, equipment or tools (hereinafter referred to as the products) specified in Paragraph 1 of Article 7 as designated by the central competent authority shall be exempted from registration under any of the following circumstances: 1. Where they are subject to requirements for inspection, certification, approval or management in accordance with other laws or acts; 2. Where they are used for national defense or military purpose, and supported by documents issued by the Ministry of Defense or its directly subordinate agencies; 3. Where they are specialized model manufactured in limited amount or imported for purpose of scientific research or testing, provided that approval is granted by the central competent authority; 4. Where they are commercial samples or exhibition articles not intended for use or operation, provided that approval is granted by the central competent authority; 5. Where they are imported for purpose of re-exported with or without further processing or assembly, provided that approval is granted by the central competent authority; or

	6. Other special circumstances where exempted from registration is necessary, provided that approval is granted by the central competent authority. personnel designated by the competent authority of central government.
第 3 條	製造者或輸入者（以下簡稱申報者），於國內生產、製造、加工、修改（以下簡稱產製）或自國外輸入前條產品，認其構造、性能及防護符合中央主管機關所定安全標準者，應於中央主管機關指定之資訊申報網站（以下簡稱資訊網站）登錄該產品之安全資訊，完成自我宣告（以下簡稱宣告安全產品）。
Article 3	Where a manufacture or an importer (hereinafter referred to as the applicant) considers that the products, mentioned in the preceding Article, manufactured, produced, processed or modified (hereinafter referred to as manufactured) domestically or imported from foreign countries comply with safety standards specified by the central competent authority in terms of their structure, performance and safeguards, they shall register the safety information of these products at the Information Reporting Website (hereinafter referred to as the Information Website) specified by the central competent authority and complete self declaration (hereinafter referred to as safety-declared products).
第 4 條	申報者依本法第七條第三項規定，宣告其產品符合安全標準者，應採下列方式之一佐證，以網路傳輸相關測試合格文件，並自行妥為保存備查： 一、委託經中央主管機關認可之檢定機構實施型式檢定合格。 二、委託經國內外認證組織認證之產品驗證機構審驗合格。 三、製造者完成自主檢測及產品製程一致性查核，確認符合安全標準。 防爆燈具、防爆電動機、防爆開關箱、動力衝剪機械、木材加工用圓盤鋸及研磨機，以採前項第一款規定之方式為限。 第一項第三款應符合下列規定： 一、自主檢測，由經認證組織認證之檢測實驗室實施。 二、產品製程一致性查核，由經認證組織認證之機構實施。 三、檢測實驗室之檢測人員資格條件，依附表一之規定。 單品申報登錄者，免實施第一項第三款之產品製程一致性查核。
Article 4	The applicant that declares compliance of its products with safety standards in accordance with Paragraph 3, Article 7 of the Act shall take any one of the following approaches to demonstrating compliance by transmitting related test reports through the Internet and maintaining them for checks.

	<p>1.To obtain type verification from verification bodies recognized by the central competent authority;</p> <p>2.To obtain certification from product certification bodies accredited by domestic or foreign accreditation bodies; or</p> <p>3.To complete self-inspection and self-check of production consistency to ensure compliance with the safety standards.</p> <p>For luminaires, motors and switch boxes used in explosive atmosphere, power press or shearing machinery, woodworking circular saws and grinding machinery the approach to demonstrating compliance will be limited to subparagraph 1 of the preceding paragraph.</p> <p>The following requirements shall apply if the approach stated in Subparagraph 3 of Paragraph 1 is taken:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Self-inspection shall be performed by testing laboratories accredited by accreditation bodies, 2. Self-check of production consistency shall be performed by bodies accredited by accreditation bodies; and 3. The qualification of testing personnel of testing laboratories shall comply with criteria specified in Attaching table 1. <p>For registration of a single article, the self-check of production consistency is waived if the approach of Subparagraph 3 of Paragraph 1 is taken.</p>
<p>第 5 條</p>	<p>申報者宣告產品安全時，應於下列資料加蓋承辦者及其負責人印章，並以中央主管機關所定電子檔格式傳輸至資訊網站：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 一、符合性聲明書：簽署該產品符合安全標準之聲明書。 二、設立登記文件：工廠登記、公司登記、商業登記或其他相當設立登記證明文件。但依法無須設立登記，或申報者設立登記資料已於資訊網站登錄有案，且該資料記載事項無變更者，不在此限。 三、能佐證具有三個月以上效期符合安全標準之下列測試證明文件。但為單品申報登錄者，其測試證明文件之效期，不在此限，並免附產品製程符合一致性證明： <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (一)型式檢定合格證明書、審驗合格證明或產品自主檢測報告。 (二)產品製程符合一致性證明。 四、產品基本資料： <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (一)型式名稱說明書：包括型錄、產品名稱、產品外觀圖說、商品分類號列、主機台及控制台基本規格等資訊。

	<p>(二)產品安裝、操作、保養與維修之說明書及危險對策：包括產品安全裝置位置及功能示意圖。</p> <p>五、產品安全裝置及配備基本資料：</p> <p>(一)品名、規格、安全構造、性能與防護及符合性說明。</p> <p>(二)重要零組件驗證測試報告及相關強度計算。但產品為經加工、修改後再銷售之單品，致取得相關資料有困難者，得以足供佐證之檢測合格文件替代之。</p> <p>六、其他中央主管機關要求交付之符合性評鑑程序資料及技術文件。</p>
Article 5	<p>The following documents shall be affixed with the stamp seals of the applicant and the responsible person when the declaration of safety is made, and shall be uploaded to the Information Website by following the electronic format specified by the central competent authority.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Declaration of conformity: a document signed to declare compliance with safety standards. 2. Registration documents: factory registration, company registration, business registration or other equivalent documents that demonstrate official approval for establishment of the factory, company or business, except where registration is not required by laws or the registration information has already uploaded onto the Information Website without changes. 3. Testing documents specified below that demonstrate compliance with safety standards and are valid for more than 3 months. Where registration is sought for a single article, the validity period of testing documents is not of concern and the certification of production consistency is not required. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) type verification certificate, certification certificates or self-inspection/self-test reports; and (2) certificate of production consistency. 4. Basic information about the products: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Description of the product type, including catalog, product name, illustration of the appearance of the product, product classification code (HS code or CCC code), specification of the main processing unit and control unit, etc. Where it is not possible to identify the type of a product by its type number, a determination of same type description may be used.

	<p>(2) Instructions of the installation, operation, maintenance and repair of the product and recommended practices for responding to hazards, including illustration of the location of the product safety devices and their functions.</p> <p>5. Information about the product safety devices and accessories:</p> <p>(1) brand name, specifications, descriptions of the safety structure, performance and protection, compliance; and</p> <p>(2) certification or test reports for critical components and relevant strength calculations. Where the products are single articles to be sold after further processing or repairmen and it is difficult to obtain relevant documents, other testing documents that can demonstrate compliance of the article can be provided instead.</p> <p>6. Other conformity assessment procedure documents or technical files required by the central competent authority.</p>
第 5-1 條	<p>輸入者因其輸入之產品被列入邊境管理受輸入限制，而有下列情形之一者，得向中央主管機關申請先行放行：</p> <p>一、已向國內檢定機構或驗證機構申請輸入產品符合安全標準之檢測試驗，尚未取得合格證明。</p> <p>二、其他特殊情形，有先行放行之必要，並經向中央主管機關申請核准。</p> <p>前項先行放行之申請、追蹤、查核及監督管理，準用機械類產品申請先行放行辦法相關規定。</p>
Article 5-1	<p>Where the import of the products is restricted due to border control measures, the importer may apply to the central competent authority for prior-release under one of the following circumstances:</p> <p>1. an application is made to the verification body or certification body for performing testing against safety standards and certificate is not issued, or</p> <p>2. other special situations where prior release of the product is necessary and approval is obtained from the central competent authority.</p> <p>The relevant provisions specified in the Regulations Governing the Application for Prior Release of Mechanical Products shall apply mutatis mutandis to the application, follow-up, check and surveillance of prior release mentioned in the preceding paragraph.</p>

<p>第 5-2 條</p>	<p>輸入者對於第二條各款所列產品因被列入邊境管理受輸入限制，而有解除通關限制之必要者，應備具產品用途聲明書，向中央主管機關申請專用通關證號代碼，並於進口報單填報該代碼。</p> <p>輸入者以詐欺、虛偽不實方法取得前項之通關證號代碼者，中央主管機關應撤銷該代碼，並按情節輕重停止受理其後續通關證號代碼之申請一年至三年；其有涉及刑責者，另移送司法機關依法處理。</p> <p>輸入者之產品有違反第一項所定通關證號代碼之聲明用途者，中央主管機關應廢止該產品之通關證號代碼，並停止受理其後續專用通關證號代碼申請六個月。</p> <p>第一項專用通關證號代碼之申請、准駁、證號代碼之指定及監督管理，準用機械類產品申請免驗證辦法相關規定。</p>
<p>Article 5-2</p>	<p>Where the import of the products specified in Article 2 is restricted due to border control measures and removal of the restriction is necessary, the importer shall prepare a declaration of intended uses of the products and apply to the central competent authority for a unique customs clearance code, which shall be filled out in the declaration of importation.</p> <p>Where the customs clearance code is obtained via deceptive and fraudulent means, the central competent authority shall withdraw that code and reject subsequent applications for customs clearance code made by the importer for 1 to 3 years depending on the severity of the conditions. Where criminal sanction is involved, the case shall be forwarded to judicial courts for processing.</p> <p>Where the products are not used in accordance with the declared intended uses specified in Paragraph 1 for applying for the customs clearance code, the central competent authority shall rescind the code and reject subsequent applications for customs clearance code made by the importer for 6 months.</p> <p>The relevant provisions specified in the Regulations Governing Exemption from Certification for Mechanical Products shall apply mutatis mutandis to the application, acceptance, rejection and designation of the customs clearance code mentioned in Paragraph 1, as well as subsequent surveillance.</p>
<p>第 6 條</p>	<p>資訊申報登錄未符前條規定者，中央主管機關得限期通知其補正；屆期未補正者，不予受理。</p>

	前項補正總日數不得超過三十日。但有特殊情形經中央主管機關核准者，不在此限。
Article 6	For those that do not comply with the registration requirements mentioned in the preceding Article, the central competent authority may request corrective actions be taken by the applicant within a certain time limit. Where the corrective actions are not taken, the application shall be denied. The total time period for correction mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall not exceed 30 days, except for special cases approved by the central competent authority.
第 7 條	申報者辦理資訊申報登錄時，應使用可證明其身分之電子憑證，以網際網路方式申報登載之。 本法第七條第三項所定申報，其申請文件所載申報代理人有二人以上者，均得單獨代理申報。
Article 7	The applicant are required to use digital certificate that can demonstrate his identity to register the safety information on the Internet. Where there are more than 2 agents listed in the application form to register safety information mentioned in Paragraph 3, Article 7 of the Act, each agent may perform the registration obligation on behalf of the responsible applicant.
第 8 條	申報者應指定專責人員，負責資訊申報之登錄及資料更新等相關事項。
Article 8	The applicant shall designate a responsible person to take care of registration of safety information and subsequent updates.
第 9 條	申報者完成登錄後，登錄內容有變更者，應自事實發生日起三十日內，申請變更登錄。 前項申請變更登錄，準用第五條規定辦理。
Article 9	Where changes are made to the content of registered information, an application of modification shall be made within 30 days upon the date of changes made. Article 5 of these Regulations shall apply mutatis mutandis to the application for modifications to registered information.
第 10 條	產製者對於宣告安全產品，應於其製程中採取管制措施，確保其同一型式產品符合技術文件所載之內容，並與技術文件所附試驗報告之測試樣品具有一致安全規格。

	<p>產品經登載於資訊網站者，申報者應確保其產品符合所聲明之內容，其申報資訊內容有異動或變更時，應敘明事由重新申報登錄，以確保其符合性。</p>
Article 10	<p>For products that the manufacturer declares compliance with safety standards, control measures shall be taken during the production processes to ensure that products of the same type conform to the content stated in the technical file and have the same safety specifications as the tested samples in test reports.</p> <p>For products already registered at the Information Website, the applicant shall ensure that the products comply with the content of declaration. Where the content of the registered information is changed, the applicant shall state the reasons and re-apply for registration so as to ensure compliance.</p>
第 11 條	<p>申報者應保存所登錄之產品符合性聲明書及相關技術文件，至該產品停產後至少十年。</p>
Article 11	<p>The applicant shall maintain the declaration of conformity and related technical files for the registered products for a period of not less than 10 years after the products are no longer manufactured.</p>
第 12 條	<p>申報登錄之資訊，有保密或限閱之必要者，得不公開；經篩選整理後之資訊，中央主管機關得提供外界查詢或運用之方式如下：</p> <p>一、網路查詢或下載。</p> <p>二、以重製或複製方式提供。</p> <p>前項之網路查詢或下載，免收查詢費用；申請重製或複製資訊，依中央主管機關所定收費標準收取規費。但經授權於網路下載一定範圍之資訊者，得免收費用。</p>
Article 12	<p>Registered information that are confidential or access-restricted may not made available to the public. The central competent authority may make available to the public information that is properly screened through the following methods.</p> <p>1. To responded to inquiries or allow for download on the Internet;</p> <p>or</p> <p>2. To provide reproduction or copies of the information.</p> <p>Provision of the information by responding to inquiries or allowing for download as mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be free of charge. Provision of the information by reproducing or making copies will involve a service charge at a rate stipulated by the central competent authority. Where authorization is granted to download a</p>

	<p>limited range of information from the Internet, the service charge may be exempted.</p>
第 13 條	<p>資訊申報登錄所附文件資料，應以中文為主，得輔以英文或其他外文。</p> <p>前項資料為外文者，除供工作者使用之安裝、操作、保養、維修及危險預防對策等技術文件資料，應有中文正體字譯本外，文件為英文以外之外文者，並須附具英譯本對照。</p> <p>申報者未依前二項規定辦理者，中央主管機關得限期通知其補正；屆期未補正者，不予受理。</p>
Article 13	<p>The documents attached to the registered information shall be written in Chinese, and may be supplemented with information in English or other languages.</p> <p>Where the documents mentioned in the preceding paragraph are written in English, technical documents to be used by workers for installation, operation, maintenance, repair of the product or taking recommended practices for responding to hazards shall have translations in traditional Chinese. Documents that are written in languages other than English shall have English translations for reference.</p> <p>The central competent authority may request the applicant failing to comply with the preceding two paragraphs to take corrective actions within a certain time limit. If corrective actions are not taken after the time limit, the application shall be denied.</p>
第 14 條	<p>申報者完成產品安全資訊申報登錄作業時，中央主管機關應給予登錄字號及核發登錄完成通知書。</p> <p>前項登錄完成通知書，應包括申報者資訊、產品基本資料、產品規格、產製廠場資料、依據之安全標準條款、登錄字號、登錄日期、效期及其他必要事項。</p> <p>前項登錄效期，由中央主管機關依產品之種類別，於三年以上七年以下之期限範圍內分別規定之。申報者所附測試驗證之證明文件效期屆滿者，其登錄失其效力。</p>
Article 14	<p>When the applicant completes registration of safety information, the central competent authority shall assign a registration number and issue a registration-completed notice.</p> <p>The registration-completed notice mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall contain the information about the applicant, basic data of the product, product specifications, information about the production premises, references to safety standards, registration</p>

	<p>number, registration date, period of validity and information that is considered necessary.</p> <p>The period of validity mentioned in the preceding paragraphs shall be stipulated by the central competent authority ranging from 3 years to 7years, depending on the categories of products. The registration shall become invalid when the testing or certification documents provided by the applicant expire.</p>
第 14-1 條	<p>經宣告安全產品登錄完成通知書之申報名義人與輸入者不同時，得經該申報名義人之授權，向中央主管機關申請核發授權放行通知書，辦理通關。</p> <p>前項授權放行通知書之授權範圍，及於登錄完成通知書所列全部型號產品。</p> <p>第一項授權，經登錄完成通知書之申報名義人通知中央主管機關終止者，中央主管機關應廢止第一項同意授權放行通知書；產品安全資訊登錄經撤銷或廢止者，亦同。</p>
Article 14-1	<p>Where the name of importer is different from that of the person that completes registration of safety declaration of the products, the importer may, under the authorization of that person, apply to the central competent authority for authorized prior release notice for purpose of clearing customs.</p> <p>The scope of authorized prior release notice mentioned in the preceding paragraph may cover all types stated in the registration notice.</p> <p>The central competent authority shall rescind the authorized prior release notice mentioned in Paragraph 1 upon receipt of notice from the person that completes registration of safety declaration of the product for termination of authorization. The same shall apply when the registration at the Information Website is withdrawn or rescinded.</p>
第 15 條	<p>經完成登錄之產品，有下列情形之一者，申報者應自事實發生日起三十日內重新申報登錄：</p> <p>一、安全標準有修正，致原登錄事項不符規定。</p> <p>二、登錄之產品設計有變更，致原申報資訊內容須更新。</p> <p>三、產品登錄效期屆滿。</p>
Article 15	<p>Under any of the following circumstances, the applicant shall re-apply for registration of registered products within 30 days from the date the situations occur:</p>

	<p>1. Where the revision of safety standards results in noncompliance of the registered information; or</p> <p>2. Where modification of the design of registered products results in updates of the registered information.</p> <p>The applicant may apply for extension of the term of validity within a period of three months prior to the expiration of the registration period of registered products in accordance with the provisions of Article 5. A new application for registration shall be made if the application for extension is made after the registration period expires.</p>
第 16 條	<p>同一申報者就同一型式產品，不得重複申報。但依前條規定重新申報登錄者，不在此限。</p>
Article 16	<p>The same applicant shall not make applications for the same type of products again, except where the application is required to be made again in accordance with the preceding Article.</p>
第 17 條	<p>申報登錄產品之型式，申報者應依製造者之產品型號定之。但產品無型號資料者，得以規格、文字或編碼組合為之。</p> <p>前項型號、規格、文字或編碼，應具有顯著識別性，並由申報者於申報資訊登錄時定之。</p>
Article 17	<p>The applicant shall use the type/model given by the manufacturer as that of the product to be registered. Where there is no such information, the type may be determined by a combination of specifications, characters or codes.</p> <p>The type/model, specifications, characters or codes mentioned in the preceding paragraph shall be distinctive and determined by the applicant at the time for making applications for information registration.</p>
第 18 條	<p>宣告安全產品之品名，應依下列規定辦理：</p> <p>一、不得使用他人之產品商標或廠商名稱。但經授權使用者，不在此限。</p> <p>二、不得與其他廠商之宣告安全產品品名相同，或涉有仿冒、暗示或影射情事。</p> <p>三、不得有虛偽、誇大或使人對宣告安全產品之安全效能產生不當聯想或混淆。</p> <p>四、不得夾雜外文或數字。但具直接意義者，不在此限。</p> <p>五、不得有其他不適合為宣告安全產品名稱之情形。</p>

	<p>宣告安全產品品名相同或近似者，中央主管機關應依商標、廠商名稱或其他可資辨別名稱之順位認定之。</p> <p>已登錄之宣告安全產品違反第一項規定者，除應自負法律責任外，中央主管機關並得通知其補正或重新審查核定之。</p>
Article 18	<p>The names of products that have been declared safe shall:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. not use the product brand of others or the name of the manufacturer, except when the use of such information is authorized, 2. not be identical to the product name safety-declared by other manufacturer, or raise a concern on counterfeit, hint or insinuation, 3. not be fraudulent, exaggerating or creating inadequate association or confusion regarding the safety performance of safety-declared products, 4. not mix foreign languages or numbers, except taking the direct meaning, and 5. not have situations where it is not proper to be the name of safety-declared product. <p>Where the names of safety-declared products are identical or similar, they shall be verified by the central competent authority in priorities of brand, name of manufacturer or other names that can be used for identification.</p> <p>Where registered safety-declared products are found to be not in compliance with paragraph 1, in addition to the legal responsibilities involved, the central competent authority may request that corrective actions be taken or re-examination be performed.</p>
第 19 條	<p>依第五條規定傳送至資訊網站之資料內容，應依下列規定辦理：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 一、不得與其他廠商之產品資料專門技術、專利內容相同。但已公眾周知或取得授權者，不在此限。 二、不得涉及仿冒、暗示或影射情事。 三、不得有虛偽、誇大或使人對宣告安全產品之安全效能產生不當聯想或混淆。 四、不得有其他不適合為宣告安全產品構造、性能及防護效能陳述之情形。 <p>已登錄之宣告安全產品違反前項規定者，除應自負法律責任外，中央主管機關並得通知其補正或重新審查核定其傳送產品資料。</p>

Article 19	<p>Information that is uploaded to the Information Website in accordance with Article 5 shall:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. not be the same as the product information concerning specialized technology or patent registered by other manufacturers, except where the information is publicly available or the use of which is authorized, 2. not raise a concern on counterfeit, hint or insinuation, 3. not be fraudulent, exaggerating or creating inadequate association or confusion regarding the safety performance of safety-declared products, or 4. not be adequate for describing the structure, performance and effects of safeguards of safety-declared products. <p>Where registered safety-declared products are found to be not in compliance with the preceding paragraph, in addition to the legal responsibilities involved, the central competent authority may request that corrective actions be taken or the uploaded information be re-examined.</p>
第 20 條	<p>完成登錄之產品，申報者應維持其與登錄資料所載之範圍、型式及功能相符，且實體不得與登錄事項相異。</p> <p>中央主管機關於必要時，得要求申報者準備樣品，並就特定項目實施複測、抽驗或赴生產廠場實地查核。</p>
Article 20	<p>For products of which registration is completed, the applicant shall ensure that they conform to the scopes, types and functions contained in the registered information, and the physical features of the products shall not be different from the registered information.</p> <p>Where it is necessary, the central competent authority shall request the applicant to prepare samples to conduct tests on certain items, sample testing or on-site audits at the production premises.</p>
第 21 條	<p>有下列情形之一者，中央主管機關應註銷產品安全資訊登錄：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 一、自行申請註銷。 二、申報者設立登記文件經依法撤銷、廢止或註銷。 三、申報者之事業體經依法解散、歇業或撤回認許。 四、中央主管機關查核發現有其他不合規定之重大情事。 <p>前項註銷登錄者，其相關授權輸入放行通知書隨同喪失效力。</p>
Article 21	<p>Under any of the following circumstances, the central competent authority shall cancel the registered product safety information:</p>

	<p>1. Where requests are made by the applicant for cancellation,</p> <p>2. Where the registration documents that the applicant submitted to demonstrate official approval for establishment of the factory, company or business are withdrawn, rescinded or cancelled according to laws,</p> <p>3. Where the businesses of the applicant are dissolved or closed down, or the recognition of the businesses are withdrawn,</p> <p>4. Where other significant non-compliances are found by the central competent authority.</p> <p>Upon cancellation of registered product safety information mentioned in the preceding paragraph, the authorized prior release notice shall be invalid accordingly.</p>
第 22 條	以詐欺或虛偽不實方法取得資訊登錄者，中央主管機關應撤銷其登錄；其有涉及刑責者，並應移送司法機關依法處理。
Article 22	Where the registered information is obtained by fraudulent or deceptive means, the central competent authority shall cancel the registration. Where criminal charges are involved, the cases shall be forwarded to judicial organizations for processing.
第 23 條	<p>宣告安全產品有下列情形之一者，中央主管機關應廢止產品安全資訊登錄：</p> <p>一、經購、取樣檢驗結果不符合安全標準。</p> <p>二、通知限期提供檢驗報告、符合性佐證文件或樣品，屆期無正當理由仍未提供。</p> <p>三、因瑕疵造成重大傷害或危害。</p> <p>四、產品未符合標示規定，經通知限期改正，屆期未改正。</p> <p>五、未依第十一條規定期限保存產品符合性聲明書及技術文件。</p> <p>六、未依第十五條規定重新登錄。</p> <p>七、產品之型式違反第十六條或第十七條規定，經通知限期改正，屆期未改正。</p> <p>八、產品之品名違反第十八條第一項規定，或其資料內容違反第十九條第一項規定。</p> <p>九、未依第二十條規定維持產品實體與登錄事項相同，經通知限期改正，屆期未改正。</p> <p>十、申報項目經公告廢止應實施安全資訊申報網站登錄作業。</p> <p>十一、其他違反本辦法規定情節重大。</p>

Article 23	<p>Under any of the following circumstances of the registered products, the central competent authority shall rescind their registered product safety information:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Where the inspection results of purchased or sampled products do not comply with the safety standards, 2. Where the inspection reports, conformity assessment supporting documents or samples of products are not provided within the notified time limit without good reasons, 3. Where significant hazards or damages occur due to their defects, 4. Where the products do not comply with labelling requirements and corrective actions are not taken within the notified time limit, 5. Where the declaration of conformity and technical files are not maintained for the time period stipulated in Article 11 of these Regulations, 6. Where re-application for registration is not made in accordance with Article 15, 7. Where the type of products violates the provisions of Article 16 or 17, and corrective actions are not taken within the notified time limit, 8. Where the name of products violates the provisions of Paragraph 1, Article 18, or the content of registered information violates the provisions of Paragraph 1, Article 19, 9. Where the product is not maintained identical to the content of registered information physically in accordance with Article 20, and corrective actions are not taken within the notified time limit, 10. Where it is publicly announced that the items are no longer required for registering their safety information at the Information Reporting Website, or 11. Other violations that are considered significant against these Regulations.
第 24 條	<p>經撤銷登錄或因產品與申報資訊不符而經廢止登錄者，其原申報文件不得再供申報之用。</p>
Article 24	<p>Where the registration is withdrawn or rescinded due to noncompliance of the products with the registered information, the original application documents shall not be used for application again.</p>

第 25 條	<p>本辦法自中華民國一百零四年一月一日施行。</p> <p>本辦法修正條文自發布日施行。</p> <p>本辦法中華民國一百零六年九月二十二日修正發布之條文，自一百零六年十月一日施行。</p>
Article 25	<p>These Regulations shall take effect on January 1, 2015.</p> <p>The amended articles of these Regulations come into effect on the day of promulgation.</p> <p>The articles amended and promulgated on September 22, 2017 of these Regulations shall come into effect on October 1, 2017.</p>

附表一 第四條第一項第三款之檢測人員之資格條件

人員類別	資格條件
檢測人員	<p>應符合下列規定之一：</p> <p>(一) 大專校院機械或電機相關學系碩士以上畢業，並具實際從事檢測對象產品相關之研究、設計、製造、安全檢查、安全測試實務經驗一年以上而有證明文件者。</p> <p>(二) 大專校院機械或電機相關科系以上畢業，並具實際從事檢測對象產品相關之研究、設計、製造、安全檢查或安全測試實務經驗二年以上而有證明文件者。</p> <p>(三) 高級工業職業學校機械或電機相關科組畢業，並具實際從事檢測對象產品相關之研究、設計、製造、安全檢查或安全測試實務經驗三年以上而有證明文件者。</p> <p>(四) 其他經中央主管機關認定具有同等資格條件者。</p>

Table 1 of Article 4 Table 1: The qualifications of testing personnel mention in Subparagraph 3, Paragraph 3, Article 4

Categories Personnel	Qualifications
Testing Personnel	<p>Compliance with one of the following requirements:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Master degrees from mechanical or electrical engineering programs of graduate schools or higher, and with practical experience in research, design, production, safety inspection and safety testing of relevant products subject to verification, for 1 year or more with demonstration documents. 2. graduated from mechanical or electrical engineering departments of universities or colleges or higher, and with practical experience in research, design, production, safety inspection and safety testing of relevant products subject to verification, for 2 years or more with demonstration documents,

	<p>3. graduated from mechanical or electrical engineering departments of vocational high schools, and with practical experience in research, design, production, safety inspection and safety testing of relevant products subject to verification, for 3 years or more with demonstration documents, or</p> <p>4. other equivalent qualifications recognized by the central competent authority.</p>
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